EUR(O)RADIO

OPERATED BY EBU

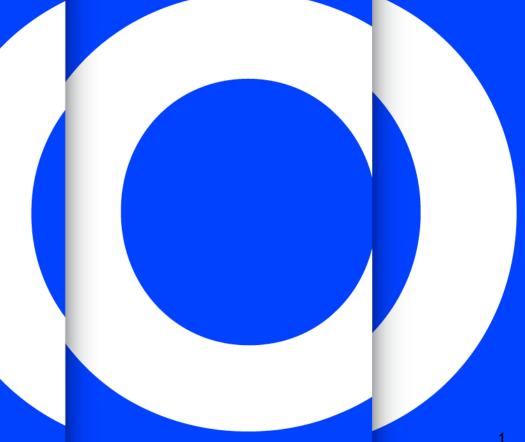
Digital Radio

- Smartphone

- Toolkit

Istanbul, 29 May 2015

Dr. Christian Vogg Head of Radio, EBU

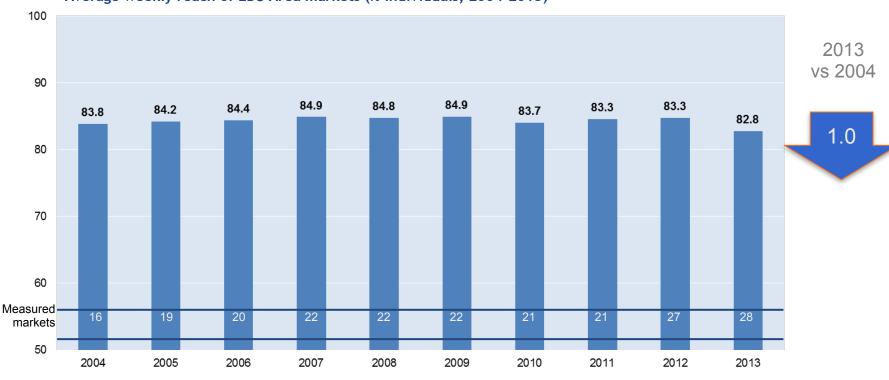




= 82.8% of the population

THE SAME AMOUNT OF PEOPLE LISTENS TO RADIO

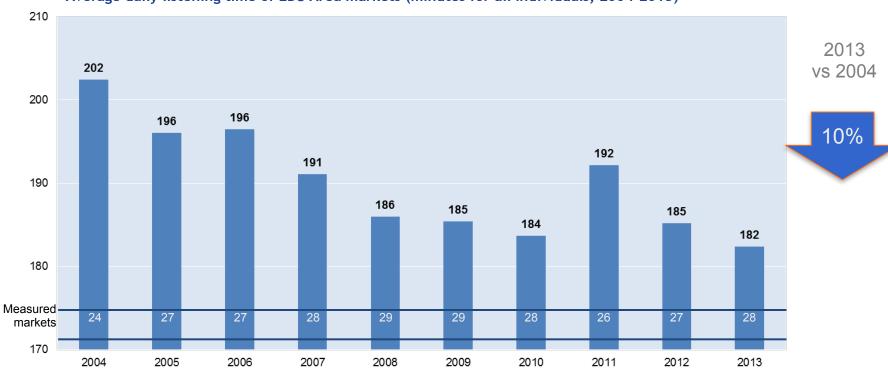
Average weekly reach of EBU Area markets (% individuals, 2004-2013)





... BUT FOR LESS TIME

Average daily listening time of EBU Area markets (minutes for all individuals, 2004-2013)











YOUNG PEOPLE ALSO LISTENS TO RADIO

Average weekly reach of EBU Area markets (% young adults, 2004-2013)





... BUT INCREASINGLY FOR LESS TIME

Average daily listening time of EBU Area markets (minutes for all young adults, 2004-2013)



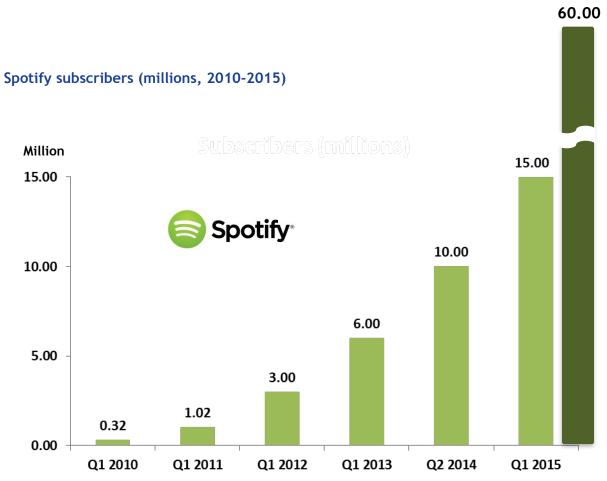


US: 242 Min/day consuming audo

Fall 2014 Share of Ear™ Age 13-17 Streaming Audio **Daily minutes** 64 minutes (Pandora, Spotify, etc.) spent listening AM/FM Radio edison (Broadcast radio 53 minutes and online streams of AM/FM stations)

Source: Edison Research. Americans age 13-17 spend an average of 4 hours and 2 minutes each day consuming audio. This graph represents the average daily minutes spent with Streaming Audio and AM/FM Radio. Based on a nationally representative sample of 2,021 Americans ages 13+ who completed a 24-hour audio listening diary, Fall 2014. For more information contact info@edisonresearch.com

STREAMING IS RAPIDLY GROWING

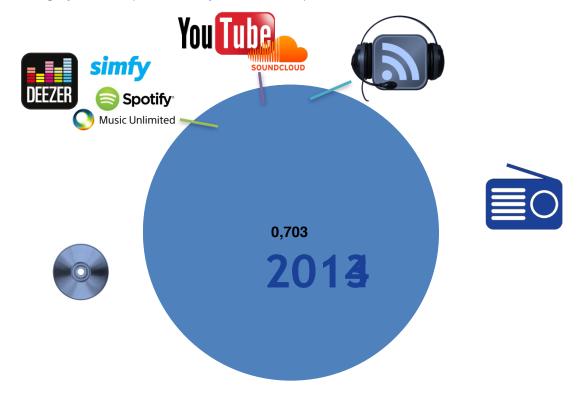






... AT THE EXPENSE OF OTHER AUDIOS

Total listening by format (% of weekly hours, 2013)



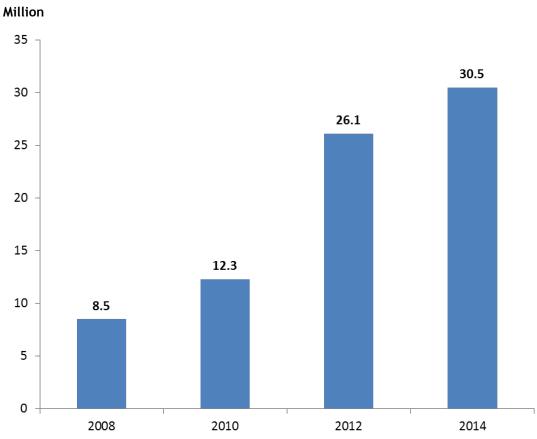


Source: RAJAR's Audio Now



INTERNET RADIO IS A REALITY

Internet radio reach in Germany (million individuals, 2008-2014)

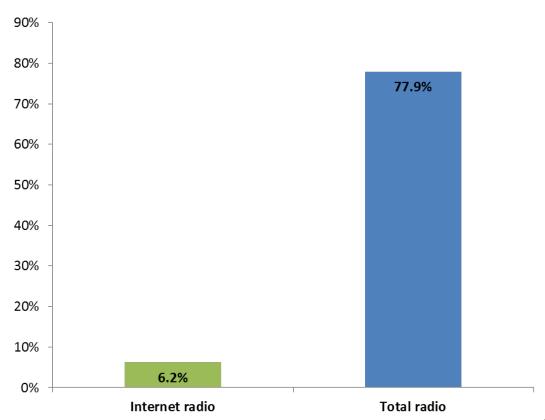






... FAR FROM BROADCAST RADIO

Radio daily reach in Germany (% all individuals, 2014)



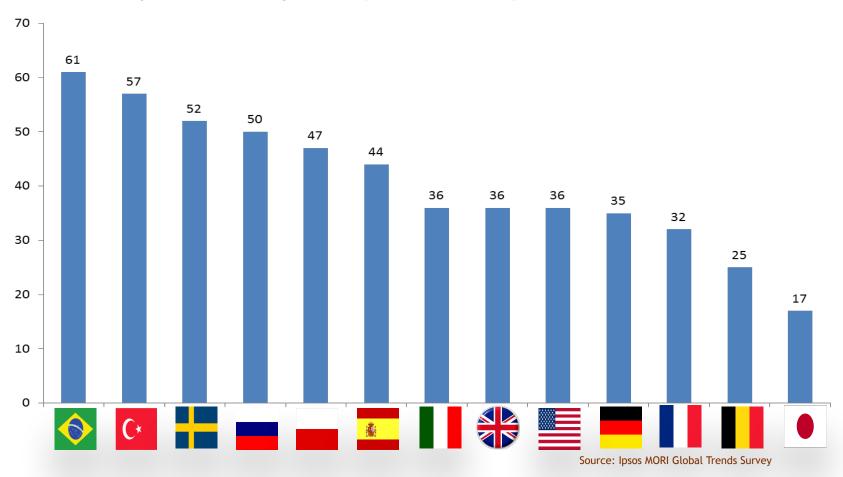






MOBILE PHONES ARE EVERYWHERE

Use of mobile phones for listening to music (% individuals, 2014)









Sweden

Smart Phone penetration

- 72 % of all Swedes
 have a Smart Phone
- In age16-19 = 92 %
- The Radio need is different



Social Media

The ages up to 45, more people are using social media than listening to the radio.

The internet is the main news source for the 16-25-year-olds.

80% of young people get the news in social media every day. 37%, all / almost all the news there.

Facebook is the largest news source up to 24 years, the second largest after.

60 + on Social Media 90 min/day.



Cars in the UK

60% of new cars now with digital radio as standard (2014).

90% of new cars to have digital radio as standard by 2017.

Conversion of 34 million cars required

After market products slow take up

Big opportunity for smartphones in the car.



HYBRID RADIO



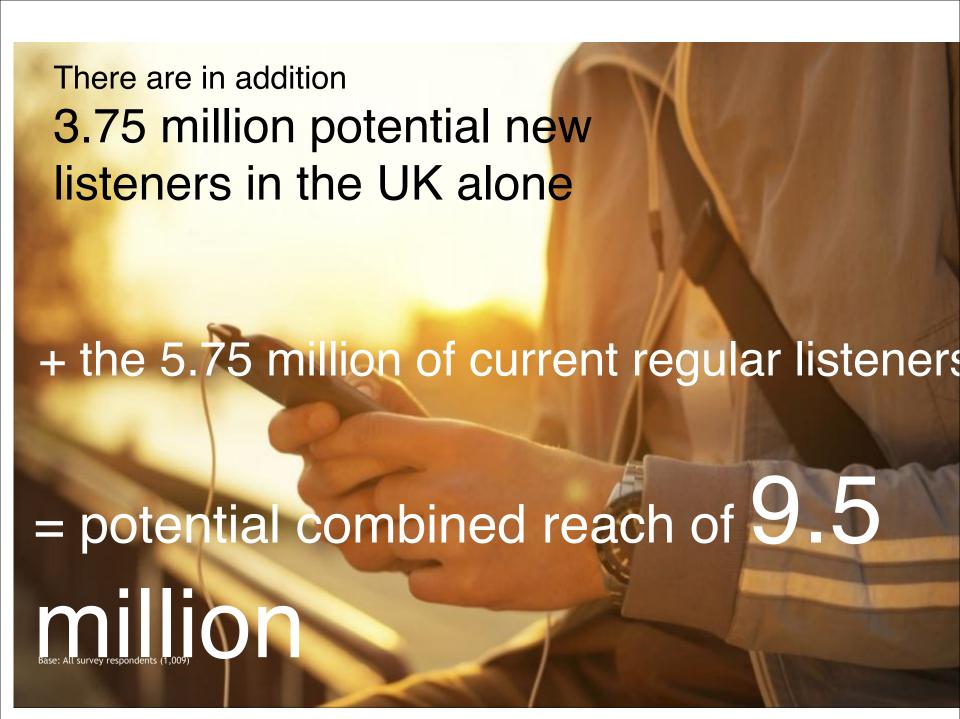
Broadcast works for the mass market Low Cost, Ubiquitous, Free



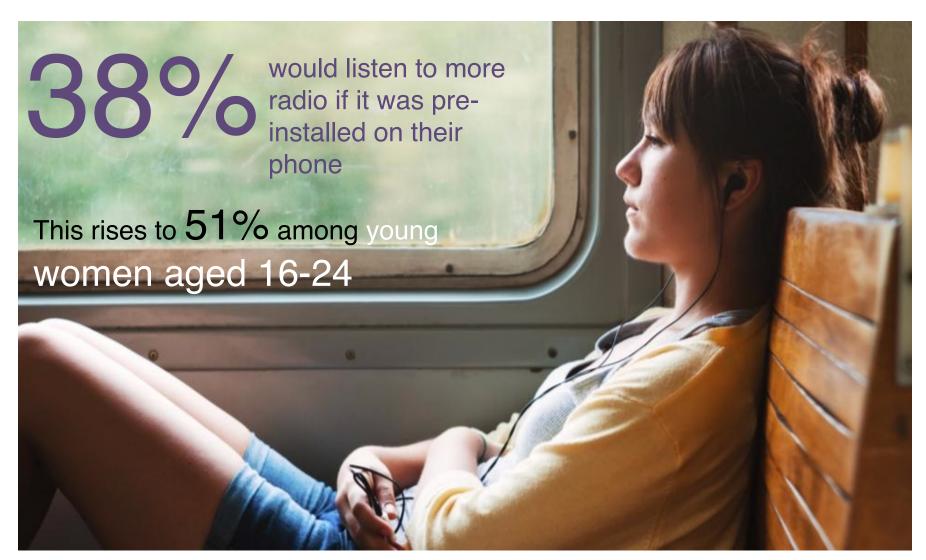
The Internet adds value Enhanced content, Personalisation & Transactions

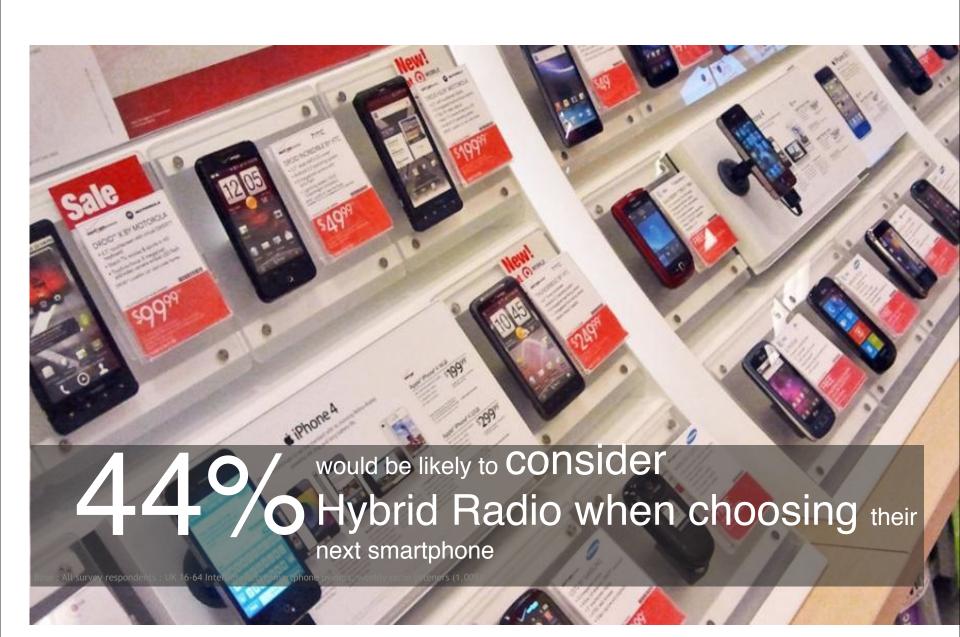












The Universal Smartphone Radio Project

- Brilliant experience of hybrid radio* on smartphones.
- Globally applicable & open standards.
- Made by the radio industry.
- Using common broadcaster standards.
- Providing consistent APIs.
- Goal: Making broadcast radio like an app.

*broadcast and IP working together

















SMART RADIO
IN
SMARTPHONES



SMART RADIO INITIATIVE

- Free-to-air: Radio needs a broadcast backbone -FM, DAB, DAB+
- Radio has to be where the users are above all in mobile phones and tablets
- 3. The future of radio lies in using the combination of **broadband and broadcast** not one or the other







- New song on radio
- Hit Tag button
 - info
 - playlist
 - share





NEW SONG

Listening is interrupted LISTEN LATER

- Tag and listen later
 - same device
 - different device

ADVERTISING

RADIO WITH A BACK CHANNEL

How to improve radio? The listener's view

- More choice outside the "standard" playlist
- Listener want to influence the music selection
- Jump and skip in the linear program
- Program information: EPG
- Localized information (GPS)
- Privacy remains a key issue
- No need for extended use of social media



The broadcaster's view

- Potential of new listeners because of bigger choice
- Broadcaster has a modern image
- Radio stations gets more attractive
- Listening gets interactive
- User data in real-time: who, where, when, which content, how many times, ...?
- Feedback into the radio program

The producer's view

- Quality of metadata is core issue
- EPG electronic program guide
- Start time, length, status information
- Title, author, artist, album, track, etc.
- Alternative titles from personal content
- Longer versions of reports
- Alternative audio streams
- Rundown data
- Synchronizing databases
- Additional pictures, audios
- New data model



EUR(O)RADIO

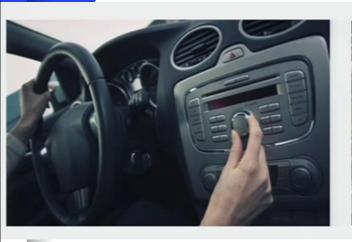
The producer's view

- Quality of metadata is core issue
- EPG electronic program guide
- Start time, length, status information
- Title, author, artist, album, track, etc.
- Alternative titles from personal content
- Longer versions of reports
- Alternative audio streams
- Rundown data
- Synchronizing databases
- Additional pictures, audios
- New data model

EUR(O)RADIO

How will future radio be?

- Radio will be enhanced with multimedia content
- Personalized user profile
- EPG integrating linear radio and non-linear IP sources
- Advanced user profile: context related information about the current mood and situation of the listener -> offers related music

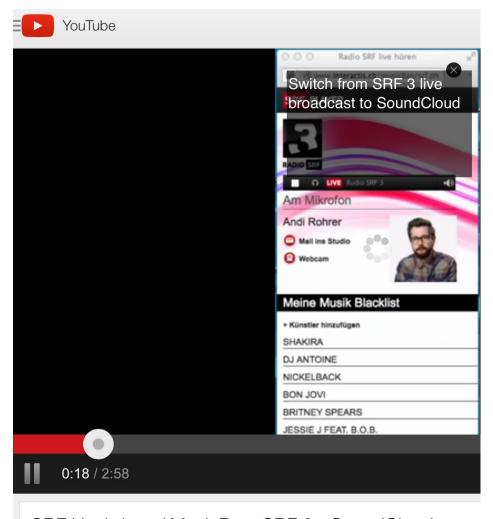






MUSIC BAN

Blacklisted artists will be banned from the live broadcast and replaced by songs from the private music list on Soundcloud

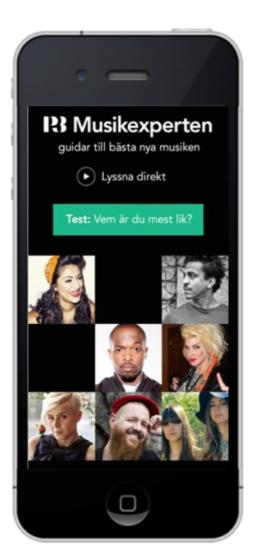


SRF Hackdays / MusicBan: SRF 3 - SoundCloud













The new SMART RADIO PHONE ?



30
Key success
factors
in
eight fields



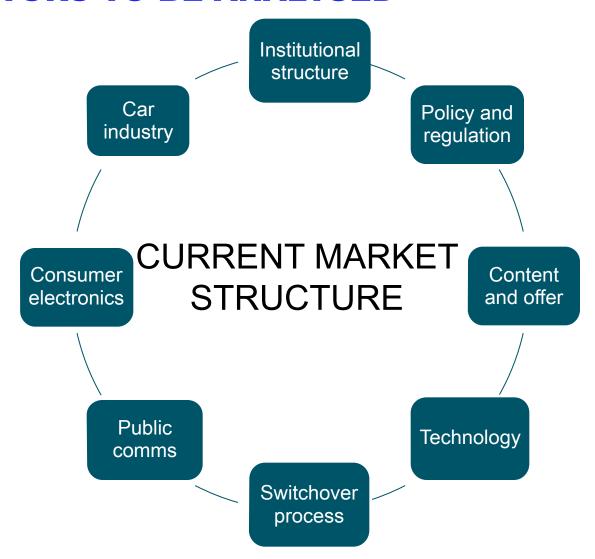








FACTORS TO BE ANALYSED





1. INSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURE

- Involve all the stakeholders
 - → by creating win-win situations
- Set up an industry body
 - broadcasters can focus on their core activity
- Approach the authorities with a unified message
 - = a common message will make the case for digital radio stronger and more difficult to be ignored









2. POLICY AND REGULATION

- Set regulatory incentives
 e.g. extension / renewal of analogue licences, change of content requirements, etc.
- Rethink your licensing system
 e.g. mux licenses, broadcasting licences or both?
 social / democratic aspects
- Correct regulation
 - → by strengthening values



3. CONTENT AND OFFER (I)

- Add value to the current offer
 - = new channels are the best content proposition
- Find unattended audiences
 - → by exploring new niches
- Rely on familiar and well positioned brands
 - = makes things easier for broadcasters and for the listener











3. CONTENT AND OFFER (II)

- Build economies of scale
 - → by enlarging distribution or sharing production costs
- Design a product strategy, not a platform one
 - = bundle your offer, even your advertising
- Drive people digitals spershiladio
 - → by moving stations or programmes to digital-only

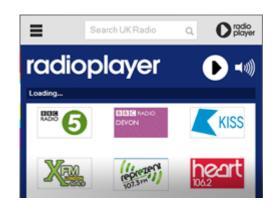




4. TECHNOLOGY (I)

- Ensure good coverage
 - = at least equal to analogue coverage
- Reduce transmission costs
 - = digital transmission is cheaper than analogue but benefits only arrive with the analogue switch-off
- Extend collaboration to all technological platforms
 e.g. Internet player, mobile player app, hybrid radio, etc.







4. TECHNOLOGY (II)

- Make the case for local radio
 - = not losing a service currently available
- Be flexible with the quality
 - → by using bitrate regulation
- Use technologies in a digital way
 - → by being innovative



RADIO 2



5. SWITCHOVER PROCESS

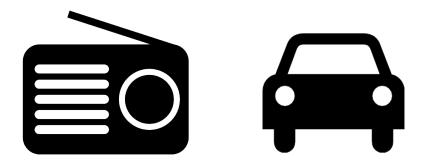
- Plan the process
 - = set guidelines for the transition
- Set realistic criteria for the switch-off
 - = they must be measurable and data must be collected systematically
- Set a clear calendar
 - = strong signal about the commitment of the stakeholders





6. PUBLIC COMMUNICATIONS

- Communicate a single, clear and accurate message
 - = show the added value
- Plan digital radio promotion
 - = coordination of messages and channels digital radio,
- Target the related industries
 e.g. consumer electronics, car industry





7. CONSUMER ELECTRONICS

- Make affordable devices available in the market
 - = low-income listeners can switch
- Offer future-proof devices
 - → through information campaigns, certification marks, mandatory digital tuners, etc.
- Ensure a good buying experience
 - → through training and relevant displaying Old Control of the con



8. CAR INDUSTRY

- Target the car industry early
 - → by using both the content and the safety proposition
- Attend the aftermarket
 - = current radio audience is there
- Ensure a serves in-car radio experience
 good coverage in roads, including tunnels



DIGITAL RADIO KEY CHALLENGES: SIX "C"



EUR(O)RADIO

THANK YOU!

vogg@ebu.ch